

# Frequency Response

$$\underline{V_o} = \underline{V_E} \frac{z_c}{z_R + z_c} = \underline{V_E} \frac{-j/\omega C}{R - j/\omega C}$$

$$\underline{V_o} = \underline{V_E} \frac{1}{j\omega RC + 1}$$

Frequency Response

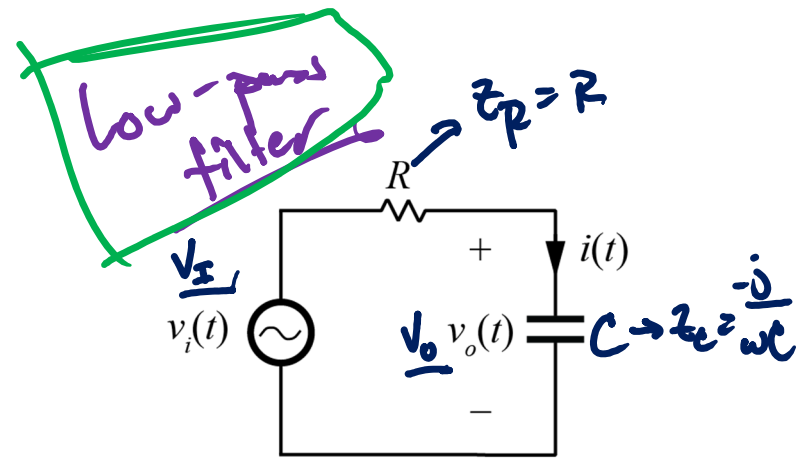
$$\frac{\underline{V_o}}{\underline{V_E}} = \frac{1}{j\omega RC + 1} = \underline{H(j\omega)}$$

$$H(j\omega) = |H(j\omega)| \angle H(j\omega)$$

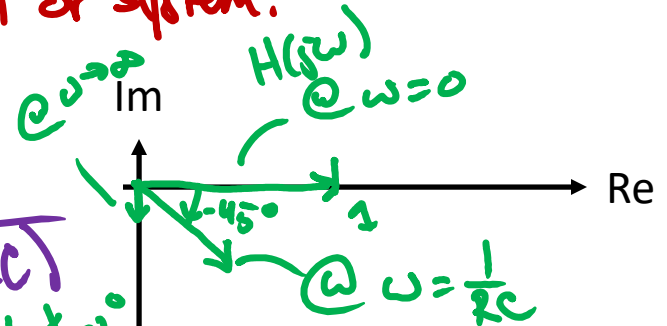
$$\underline{V_o} = \underline{V_E} \cdot H(j\omega) = |\underline{V_E}| \cdot |H(j\omega)| \angle [\angle \underline{V_E} + \angle H(j\omega)]$$

$$H(j\omega) = \frac{1}{j\omega RC + 1} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + (\omega RC)^2}} \angle \tan^{-1}(-\omega RC)$$

$\omega \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow H(j\omega) = 1 \angle 0^\circ$   
 $\omega = \frac{1}{RC} \rightarrow H(j\omega) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \angle -45^\circ$   
 $\omega \rightarrow \infty \rightarrow H(j\omega) = 0 \angle -90^\circ$



= Frequency Response  $\rightarrow$  some complex number that varies with  $\omega$  and describes the  $t$ - $\omega$  relationship of the circuit or system.



# Frequency Response

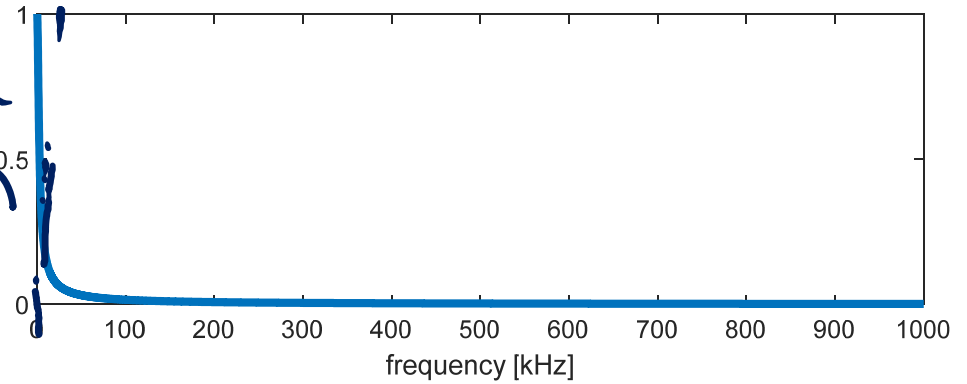
example

$$R = 10$$

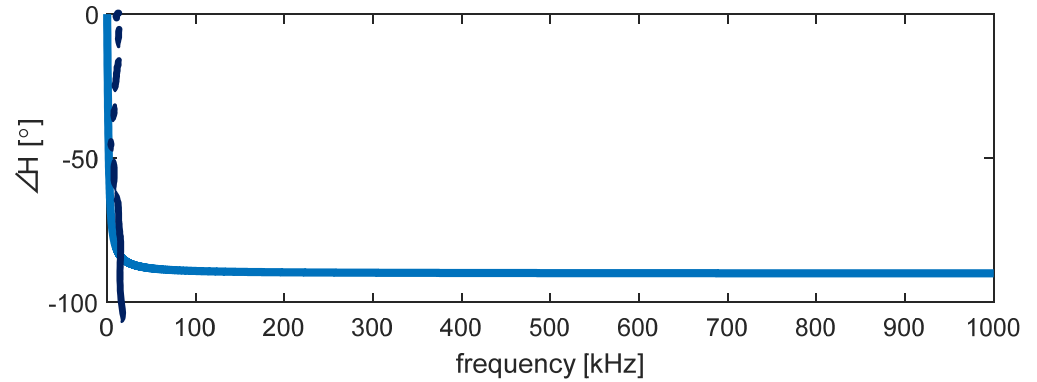
$$C = 10\text{ nF}$$

$$\frac{1}{RC} = 10\text{ krad/sec} = 1.6\text{ kHz}$$

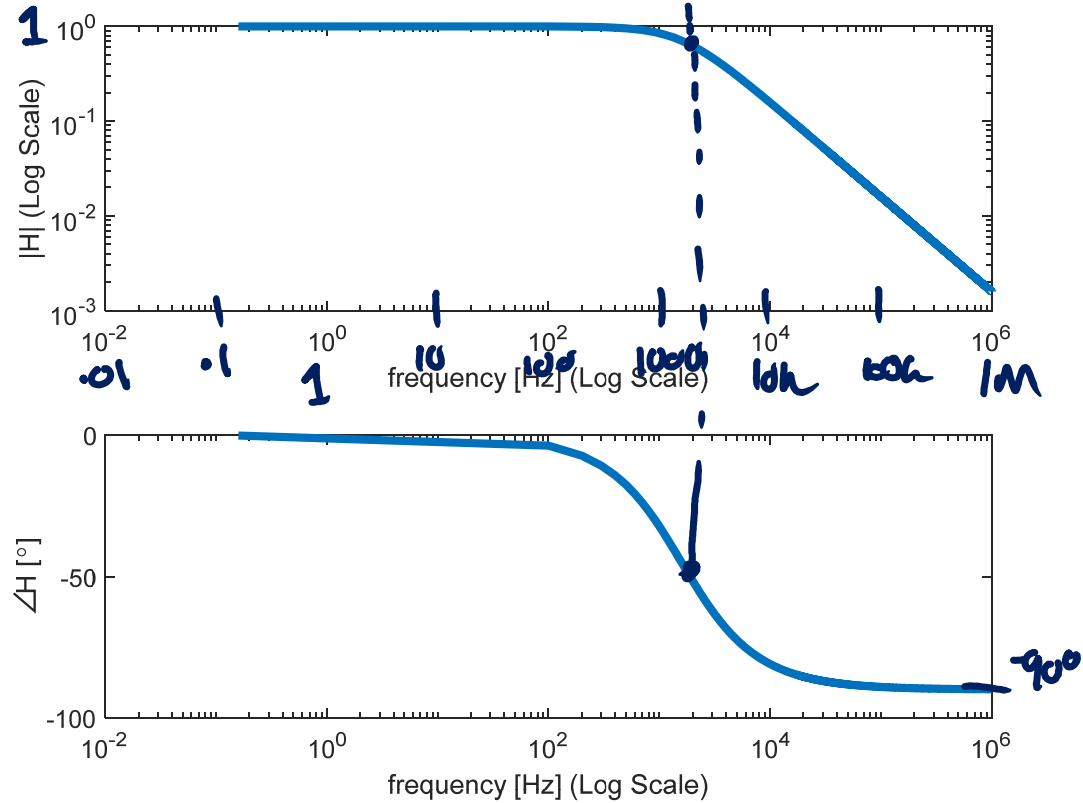
Magnitude  
(Gain)



Phase



# Bode Plot – Frequency Response



# Fourier Series

Assume we have some function  $f(t)$  which is periodic with period  $T_0 = \frac{2\pi}{\omega_0}$

$$f(t) = \overset{\text{constant}}{\downarrow} a_0 + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \overset{\text{@ } \omega_0 \text{ \& above}}{\downarrow} a_k \cos(k\omega_0 t) + b_k \sin(k\omega_0 t)$$

$f(t)$  can be expressed this way if

1.  $f(t)$  is single-valued
2.  $\int_{t_0}^{t_0+T_0} |f(t)| dt$  exists
3.  $f(t)$  had finite discontinuities and max/min per period

for  $a_0$  (constant / DC term)

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{T_0} \int_0^{T_0} f(t) dt$$

for  $a_k$ : find average value of  $f(t) \cdot \cos(n\omega_0 t)$

$$\frac{1}{T_0} \int_0^{T_0} f(t) \cdot \cos(n\omega_0 t) dt$$

Assuming Fourier Series is valid, this is

$$\frac{1}{T_0} \int_0^{T_0} \left[ a_0 + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} a_k \cos(k\omega_0 t) + b_k \sin(k\omega_0 t) \right] \cos(n\omega_0 t) dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{T_0} \int_0^{T_0} \cancel{a_n \cos(n\omega_0 t)} dt + \frac{1}{T_0} \int_0^{T_0} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} a_k \cos(k\omega_0 t) \cos(n\omega_0 t) dt$$

$n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

$$+ \frac{1}{T_0} \int_0^{T_0} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} b_k \sin(k\omega_0 t) \cos(n\omega_0 t) dt$$

$\cos(k\omega_0 t - 90^\circ)$

$$= \frac{1}{T_0} \int_0^{T_0} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} a_k \frac{1}{2} \left( \cancel{\cos((k+n)\omega_0 t)} + \cos((k-n)\omega_0 t) \right) dt$$

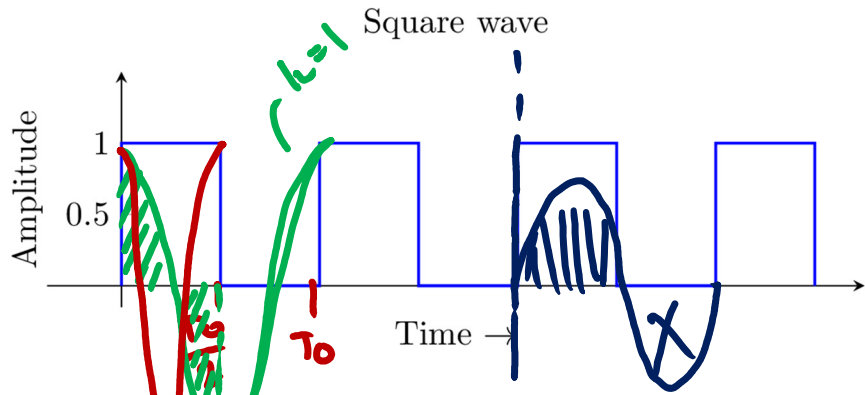
$$+ \frac{1}{T_0} \int_0^{T_0} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} b_k \frac{1}{2} \left( \cancel{\cos((k+n)\omega_0 t - 90^\circ)} + \cancel{\cos((k-n)\omega_0 t - 90^\circ)} \right) dt$$

$$\frac{1}{T_0} \int_0^{T_0} f(t) \cos(n\omega_0 t) dt = \begin{cases} a_k/2, & \text{if } k=n \\ \phi, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$a_k = \frac{2}{T_0} \int_0^{T_0} f(t) \cos(k\omega_0 t) dt$$

$$b_k = \frac{2}{T_0} \int_0^{T_0} f(t) \sin(k\omega_0 t) dt$$

# Example Calculation



$$\omega_0 = \frac{2\pi}{T_0}$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{T_0} \int_0^{T_0} f(t) dt = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{T_0} \int_0^{T_0/2} 1 \cdot dt + \frac{1}{T_0} \int_{T_0/2}^{T_0} 0 \cdot dt$$

$$a_h = \frac{1}{T_0} \int_0^{T_0} f(t) \cos(k\omega_0 t) dt = \phi$$

for all  $h$

$$b_h = \frac{2}{T_0} \int_0^{T_0} f(t) \sin(k\omega_0 t) dt$$

$$= \frac{2}{T_0} \int_0^{T_0/2} (1) \sin(k\omega_0 t) dt$$