

Homework 04

Scattering

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Textbook

Hand in at the beginning of class in 1 week

Chapter 14

Problem 1: Compute the average value of the function xyz in the unit cube $(x, y, z) \in [0, 1]^3$.

Problem 2: Compute the average value of r on the unit disk $(r, \phi) \in [0, 1] \times [0, 2\pi)$.

Programming components

Scene: source, target, sensor centered at target

Sensor prints particle position and velocity on entry, exit

Position relative to sensor's center

Read man page for atan2

Create a histogram of frequency of occurrence

```
int freq[numAngles][numSpeeds][numAngles][numSpeeds];
```

Programming components

Read the output file from the sensor as input to the sensor

Discretize angle, energy (speed) into bins

Key-value pair

sensorDataIn filename

numAngles int **numSpeeds** int

speedMin float **speedMax** float

Note: assume angleMin=0, angleMax= 2π

Increment count for the bin containing a sample

```
anglei0 = (numAngles)*(angle0-anglemin)/(anglemax-anglemin)
```

```
speedi0 = (numSpeeds)*(speed0-speedmin)/(speedmax-speedmin)
```

```
...
```

```
freq[anglei0][speedi0][anglei1][speedi1] ++;
```

Programming components

Compute max value of histogram

```
maxHist = 0;
for ( angle0 = 0; angle0 < numAngles; angle0++ )
  for ( speed0 = 0; speed0 < numSpeeds; speed0++ )
    for ( angle1 = 0; angle1 < numAngles; angle1++ )
      for ( speed1 = 0; speed1 < numSpeeds; speed1++ )
        {
          newMax = freq[angle0][speed0][angle1][speed1];
          if ( newMax > maxHist )
            maxHist = newMax;
        }
```

Programming components

Convert histogram to probability

Divide by the total number of occurrences for $\sum P = 1$

Divide by the max number of occurrences for $P \leq 1$

```
prob = (float)freq[angle0][speed0][angle1][speed1]/maxHist;
```

Programming components

Generate random output angle and speed using rejection
Pick a random velocity v_1 from disk of radius speed_{max}
Compute direction θ_1 , speed₁ from v_1
Pick a random number $\text{rnd} \in [0,1]$
If $\text{rnd} > P[\theta_{i_0}][\text{speed}_{i_0}][\theta_{i_1}][\text{speed}_{i_1}]$
Try again with new angle, speed, rnd
Else, place particle at edge of sensor and release
 $\text{particle.position.x} = \text{sensorCenter.x} + \text{sensorRadius} * \cos(\theta_1)$
 $\text{particle.position.y} = \text{sensorCenter.y} + \text{sensorRadius} * \sin(\theta_1)$
 $\text{particle.velocity} = v_1$

Webpage

- Create scene files, put image of scene on webpage
- Shoot at least 10,000 particles at targets in sensor
- Use 5 values of gravity G : 2 negative, 2 positive, zero
- Record time for each run (see `/usr/bin/time`)
- Write sensor output to file
- Read file as input, run scattering simulator
- Record time for each run
- Record animations of particles scattering from sensor
- Report speedup in scattering model versus gravity simulation