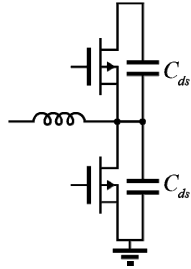




Example: Switching Losses in a Buck



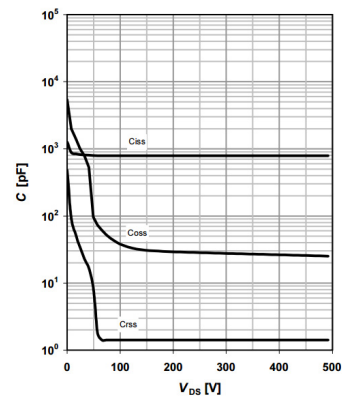


Datasheet Reported Capacitance

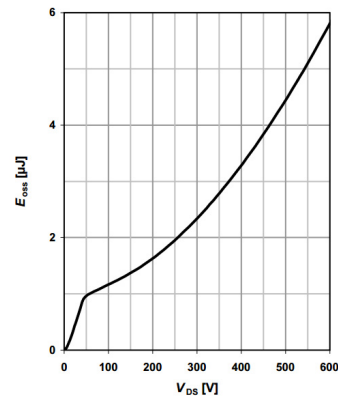


IPB60R385CP

13 Typ. capacitances

 $C = f(V_{DS}); V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; f = 1 \text{ MHz}$


14 Typ. Coss stored energy

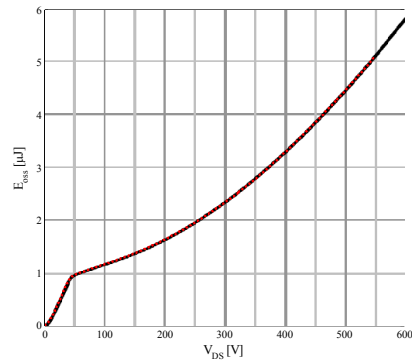
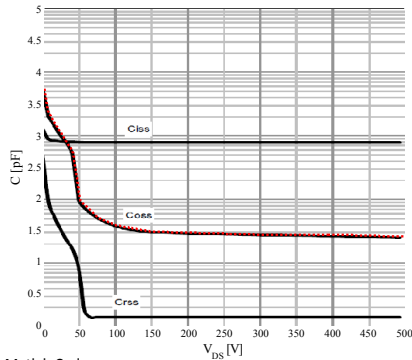
 $E_{oss} = f(V_{DS})$


Nonlinear Capacitance Extraction

- <http://web.eecs.utk.edu/~dcostine/personal/PowerDeviceLib/DigiTest/index.html>



Energy Equivalent



Matlab Code:

Vdc = 550;

Vds = [0 5 10 40 50 75 100 150 200 300 400 500 600];

Coss = [5500 2500 1900 550 95 50 38 30 29 27 27 25 24]*1e-12;

vx = 0.01:.01:Vdc;

Cx = 10.^interp1(Vdc,log10(Coss),vx,'linear');

E = cumtrapz(vx, Cx.*vx);

Ceq_e = 2*(E)./vx.^2;



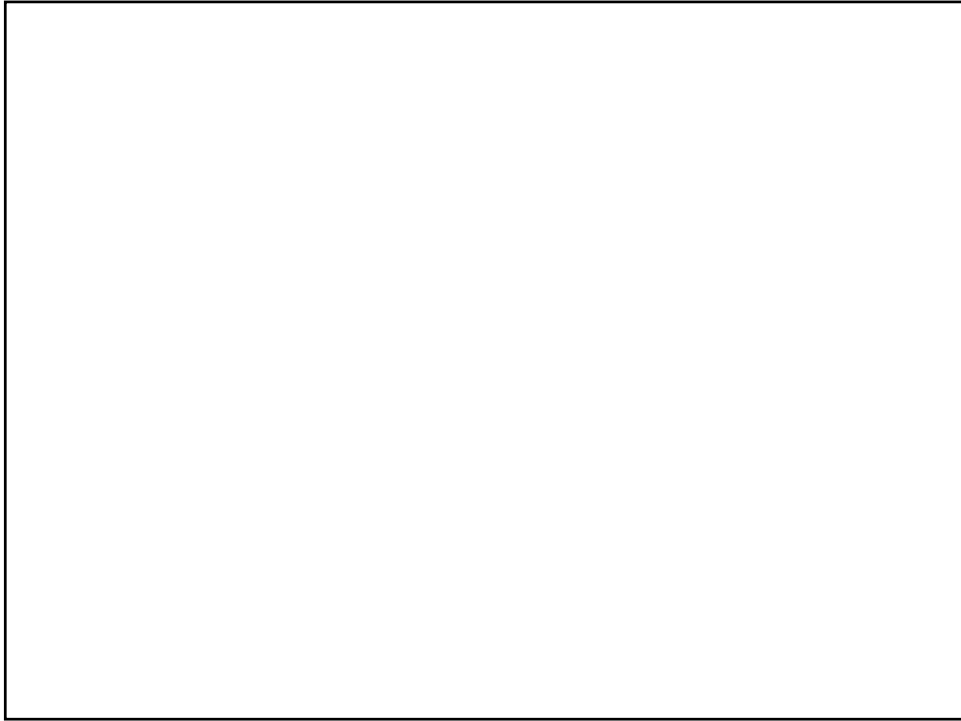
Datasheet Reported Capacitance

Dynamic characteristics

Input capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, V_{DS}=100\text{ V},$	-	790	-	pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	$f=1\text{ MHz}$	-	38	-	
Effective output capacitance, energy related ⁶⁾	$C_{o(er)}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, V_{DS}=0\text{ V}$	-	36	-	
Effective output capacitance, time related ⁷⁾	$C_{o(tr)}$	to 480 V	-	96	-	
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD}=400\text{ V},$ $V_{GS}=10\text{ V}, I_D=5.2\text{ A},$ $R_G=3.3\ \Omega$	-	10	-	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	5	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	40	-	
Fall time	t_f		-	5	-	

⁶⁾ $C_{o(er)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .

⁷⁾ $C_{o(tr)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .



Gate Charge

9 Typ. gate charge

$V_{GS} = f(Q_{gate}); I_D = 5.2 \text{ A pulsed}$

parameter: V_{DD}

