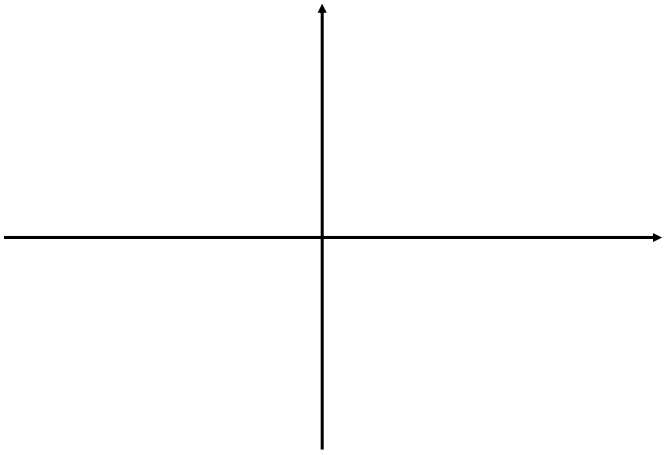
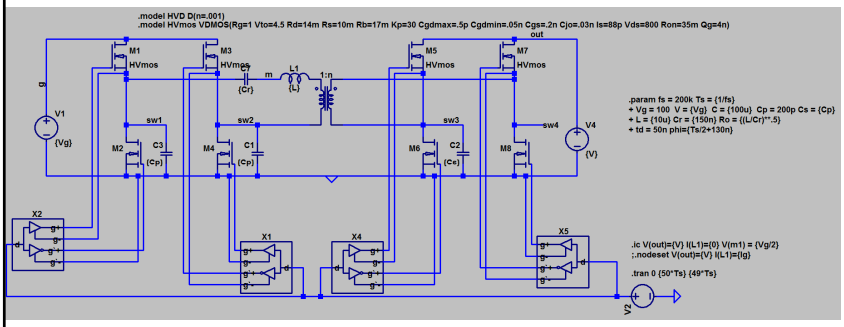
Complete State Plane – Phase Shift Modulation



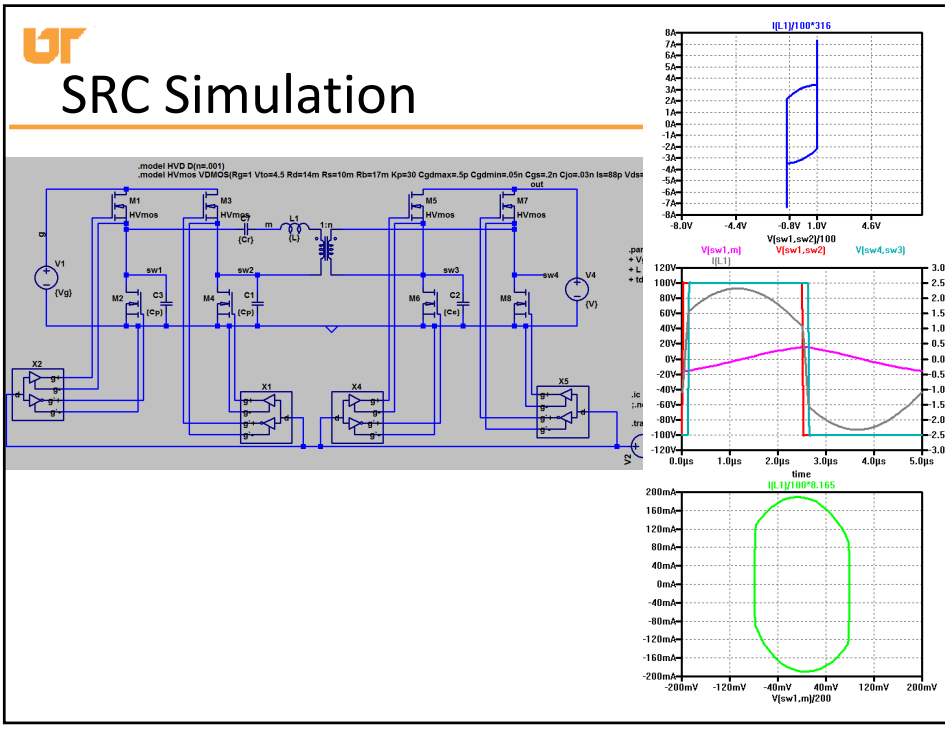
Averaging Step

Y. Cheron, “Soft Commutation”

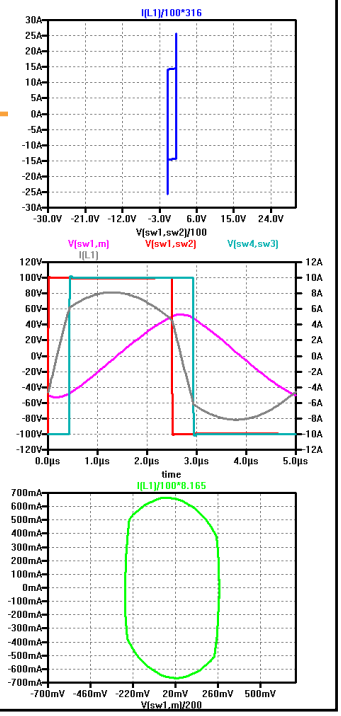
SRC Simulation



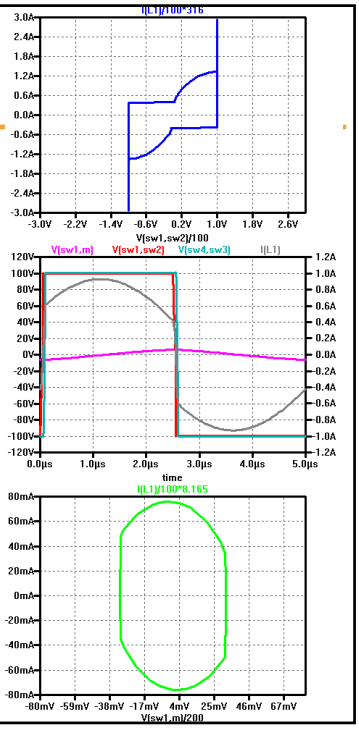
SRC Simulation



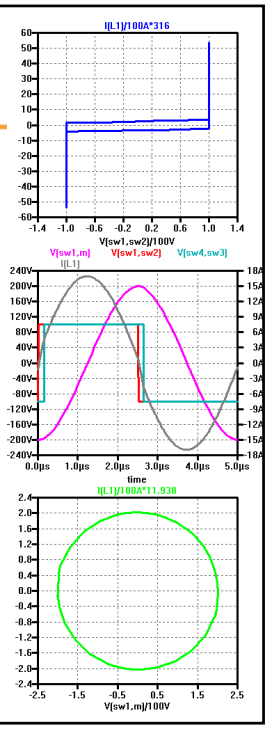
CRS – Heavy Load



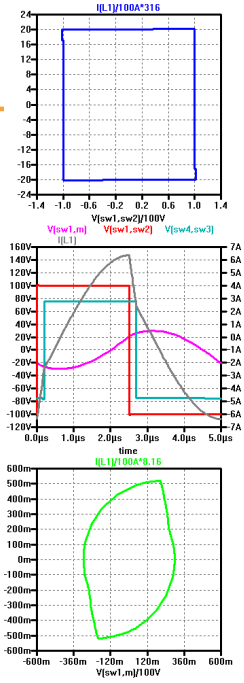
SRC – Light Load



SRC Near Resonance



SRC – Low V_{out}



Robert Lenke, Florian Mura, Rik W. De Doncker, "Comparison of Non-Resonant and Super-Resonant Dual-Active ZVS-Operated High-Power DC-DC Converters "

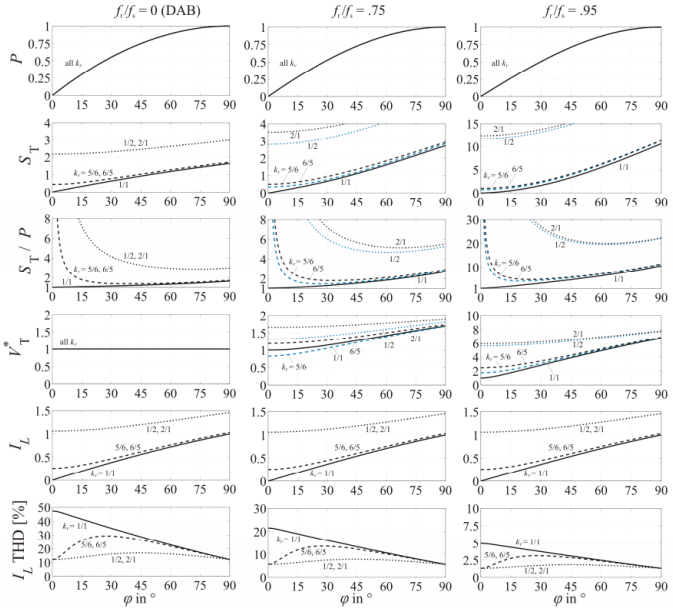


Fig. 3: Converter characteristics in dependence of control angle φ for different frequency ratios, at power-neutral variation of $V_{in} = k_V V_{rat}$ and $V'_{out} = 1/k_V V_{rat}$ (V_{rat} being an arbitrary rated voltage)

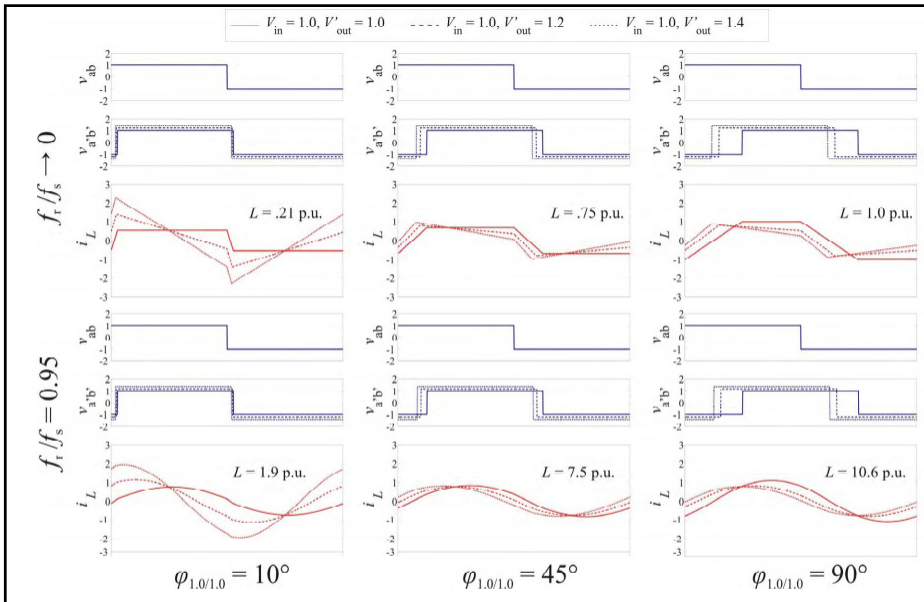


Fig. 6: Analytical voltage and current waveforms of DAB (top) and DSRC (bottom) operated at three different p.u. voltage combinations. The plots on left, middle and right result from three different control angle values for rated power operation at base voltages $V_{in}, V'_{out} = 1.0, 1.0$, and the according adjustments in series inductance

F. Krismer, J. Biela, J. W. Kolar , "A Comparative Evaluation of Isolated Bi-directional DC/DC Converters with Wide Input and Output Voltage Range"

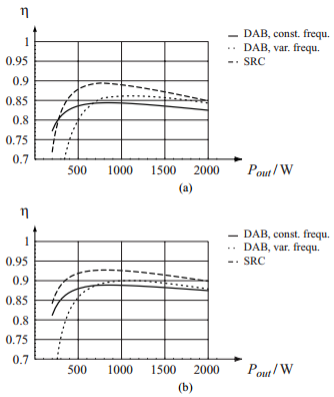


Figure 7. Calculated efficiency of the single stage (a) and two stage (b) converters at V_1=12V and V_2=336V depending on the output power.

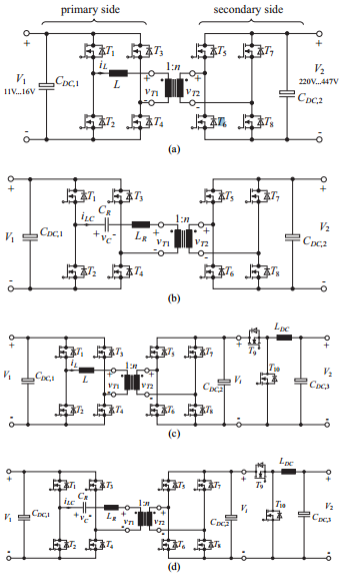


Figure 1. Isolated and bi-directional DC/DC converter topologies: (a) DAB_1: dual active bridge converter [2, 4], (b) SRC_1: series resonant converter [5], (c) DAB_2 and (d) SRC_2: two stage converters based on the combination of an isolation stage with a non-isolated voltage converter.