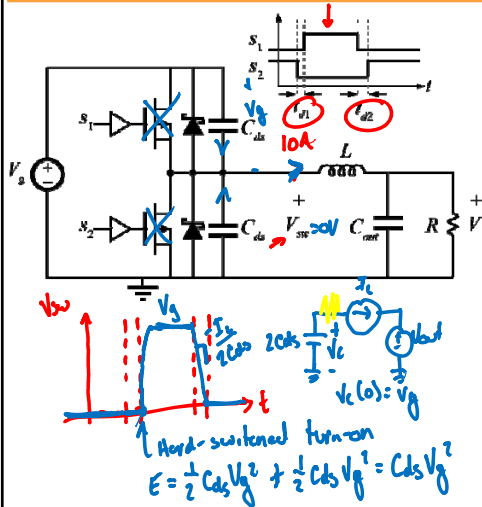




# Buck Converter Example



$V_g = 100V$   $V_{out} = 50V$   $I_c = 10A$   
 $f_s = 1MHz$  MOSFETs are in Si

Assumptions:

- (1)  $C_{ds}$  &  $r_{on}$  are the only parasites
- (2)  $C_{ds}$  is linear, constant-valued
- (3) MOSFET  $C_{ds}$  &  $r_{on}$  are dominated by drift region
- (4)  $t_{dt} \ll T_s$

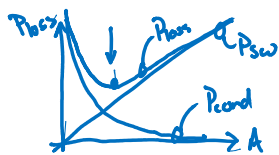
$$P_{loss} = P_{sw} + P_{cond}$$

$$P_{loss} = C_{ds} V_g^2 f_s + I_c^2 r_{on}$$

$$\eta \approx \frac{P_{out}}{P_{out} + P_{loss}}$$

$$P_{loss} = V_g^2 f_s C_{ds,sp} A + I_c^2 \frac{R_{on,sp}}{A}$$

Find  $\min(P_{loss})$  wrt Area



$$\frac{\partial P_{loss}}{\partial A} = 0 = \frac{\partial}{\partial A} (V_g^2 f_s C_{ds,sp} A + I_c^2 \frac{R_{on,sp}}{A})$$

$$0 = (V_g^2 f_s C_{ds,sp} - I_c^2 R_{on,sp} \frac{1}{A^2})$$

$$A^2 = \frac{I_c^2 R_{on,sp}}{C_{ds,sp} V_g^2 f_s} = \frac{(10A)^2 (0.9 m\Omega cm^2)}{(2 \frac{nF}{cm^2}) (100V)^2 (1MHz)}$$

$$A = 0.067 cm^2$$

$$P_{loss} = P_{cond} + P_{sw} = 1.5W + 1.34W = 2.84W$$

$$\eta_{max} = 99.4\%$$

for Si  $\begin{cases} C_{ds,sp} \approx 2 \frac{nF}{cm^2} \\ R_{on,sp} \approx 0.9 m\Omega cm^2 \end{cases}$

