

Test Copy

ECE 301
Fall Semester, 2006
Take Home Problem
Test #2

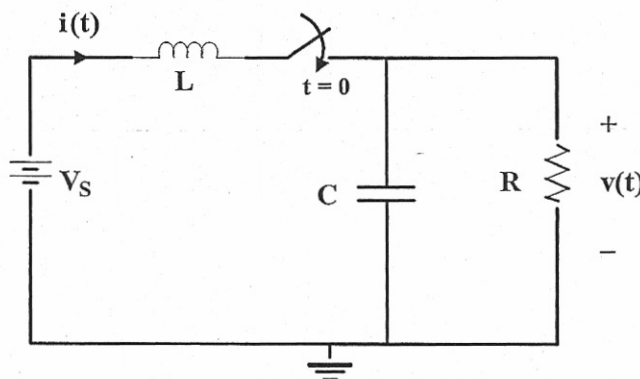
wlg: Due: October 26

Name W. Green
Last, first

This problem can add up to 6 points to your score on Test #2. You are to receive no help from another person with this work. You are allowed to use any text and any other form of literature. **By submitting the work you are stating that you have not received help from another person.**

Do your work on engineering paper. Use only one side of the paper. Do neat work.

You are given the following circuit. The circuit is initially at rest, that is, $i(0^-) = v(0^-) = 0$.



- (a) Develop the differential equation that can be solved directly to find $v(t)$. Leave your equation in general form (use parameters R , L , C , V_s).
- (b) Assume the general form for the characteristic equation of

$$s^2 + 2\xi\omega_n s + \omega_n^2 = 0$$

You are to design the circuit for V_s , R , L , and C so that

- after the switch is closed, the final value of $v(t) = 10$ volts
- ξ is selected as 0.4
- the response is to be in the band of $10(1 \pm 0.01)$ by $t = 0.1$ seconds but cannot reach this band prior to 0.09 seconds and must remain in this band after $t = 0.1$ seconds.

Constraints: C must be selected from $1 \mu F$, $10 \mu F$, $100 \mu F$
 L must be in the range $0.3H \leq L \leq 4H$

The deliverables of this problem are (submit with your work)

- show your development of the differential equation
- show how you determined ω_n
- show how you determined V_s , R, L, and C
- explicitly give your differential equations with numerical values
- give your hand determined solution for $v(t)$
- verify your solution for $v(t)$ using the MATLAB Symbolic Tool kit, ie dsolve(.....
- Use MATLAB to plot $v(t)$
- Use MATLAB to give your numerical values of t vs $v(t)$ (a statement of $[t;v]'$ will do this include evidence that you met the design requirement on reaching steady state