

COSC 522 – Machine Learning

Baysian Decision Theory

Hairong Qi, Gonzalez Family Professor
Electrical Engineering and Computer Science
University of Tennessee, Knoxville
<https://www.eecs.utk.edu/people/hairong-qi/>
Email: hqi@utk.edu

Course Website: <http://web.eecs.utk.edu/~hqi/cosc522/>

Questions

- What is supervised learning (vs. unsupervised learning)?
- What is the difference between the training set and the test set?
- What is the difference between classification and regression?
- What are features and samples?
- What is dimension?
- What is histogram?
- What is pdf?
- What is Bayes' Formula?
- What is conditional pdf?
- What is the difference between prior probability and posterior probability?
- What is Bayesian decision rule? or MPP?
- What are decision regions?
- How to calculate conditional probability of error and overall probability of error?
- What are cost function (or objective function) and optimization method?

terminologies

the Formula

decision rule

The Toy Example 2

- Student (taking COSC522 in F23) covid test
- Feature: temperature (1-D)
- Data collection: For the entire class, we take temperature of each student; also ask the student to take a covid test
- Data:
 - Training set: For half of the class, use temperature measurement as “feature”, and their test result as “label”
 - Testing set: For the other half of the class, given temperature information, determine if the student might have covid or not
- Question: Why do we need to ask students in test set to take covid test but didn't use that test results?

Terminologies

- Supervised learning:
 - Training data vs. testing data vs. validation data
 - Training: given input-output pairs
- Features (e.g., temperature)
- Samples
- Dimensions
- Classification vs. Regression

Questions

- What is supervised learning (vs. unsupervised learning)?
- What is the difference between the training set and the test set?
- What is the difference between classification and regression?
- What are features and samples?
- What is dimension?
- What is histogram?
- What is pdf?
- What is Bayes' Formula?
- What is conditional pdf?
- What is the difference between prior probability and posterior probability?
- What is Bayesian decision rule? or MPP?
- What are decision regions?
- How to calculate conditional probability of error and overall probability of error?
- What are cost function (or objective function) and optimization method?

terminologies

the Formula

decision rule

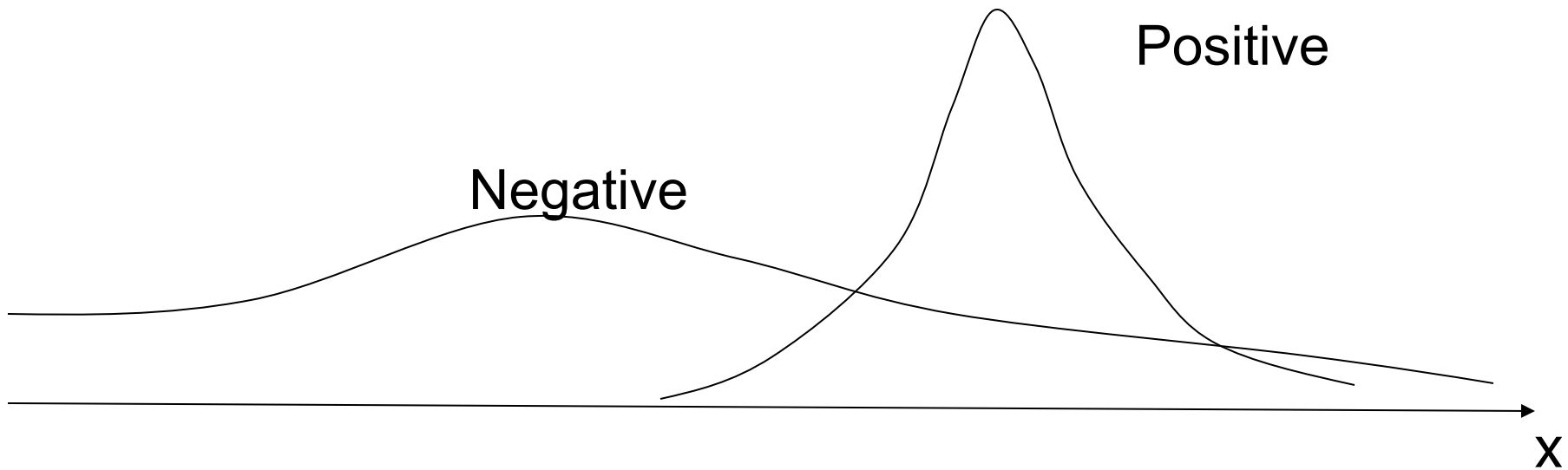
Example 1 – 1-D feature

Rating	label
3.5	Y
4.8	N
3.4	Y
3.7	N
4.5	Y
4.8	N
3.6	Y
2.7	N
1	N

Example 2 – covid testing

temperature	label
92	N
90	N
100	Y
102	Y
90	Y
101	N
93	N
95	N
103	Y

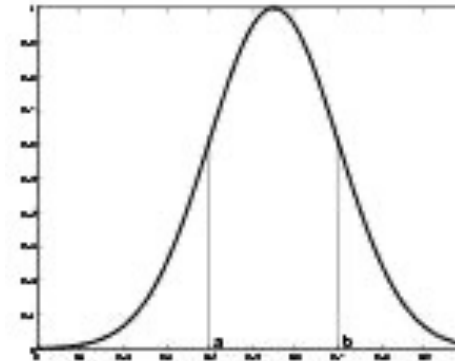
From Histogram to Probability Density Distribution (pdf)



Examples of pdf

◆ Gaussian distribution

- Bell curve
- Normal distribution



◆ Uniform distribution



Q&A Session - Looking into Gaussian

- Two classes with one intersection?
- Two classes with no intersection?
- Two classes with two intersections?

Bayes' Formula (Bayes' Rule)

Conditional probability density function
(likelihood)

From domain knowledge
prior probability
(*a-priori* probability)

$$P(\omega_j | x) = \frac{p(x | \omega_j) P(\omega_j)}{p(x)}$$

posterior probability
(*a-posteriori* probability)

$$p(x) = \sum_{j=1}^c p(x | \omega_j) P(\omega_j)$$

normalization constant
(evidence)

Q&A Session

- How do you interpret prior probability in the toy example?

Questions

- What is supervised learning (vs. unsupervised learning)?
- What is the difference between the training set and the test set?
- What is the difference between classification and regression?
- What are features and samples?
- What is dimension?
- What is histogram?
- What is pdf?
- What is Bayes' Formula?
- What is conditional pdf?
- What is the difference between prior probability and posterior probability?
- What is Bayesian decision rule? or MPP?
- What are decision regions?
- How to calculate conditional probability of error and overall probability of error?
- What are cost function (or objective function) and optimization method?

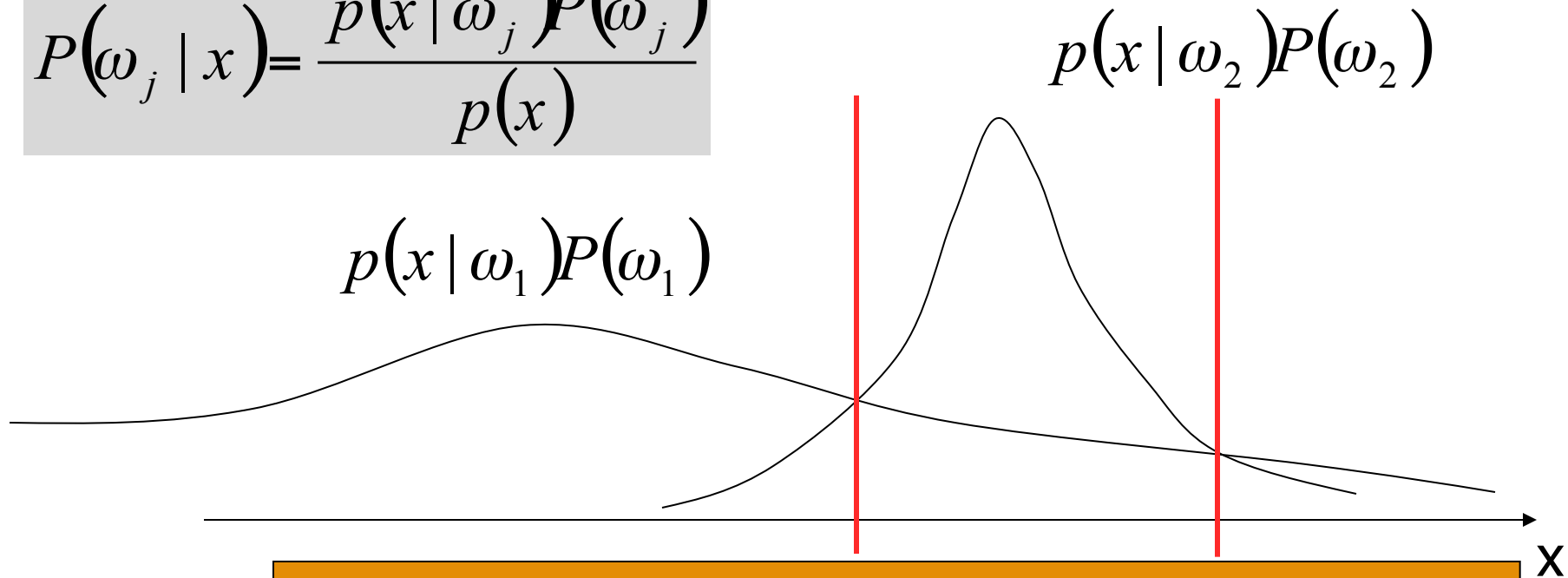
terminologies

the Formula

decision rule

Bayes Decision Rule

$$P(\omega_j | x) = \frac{p(x | \omega_j) P(\omega_j)}{p(x)}$$

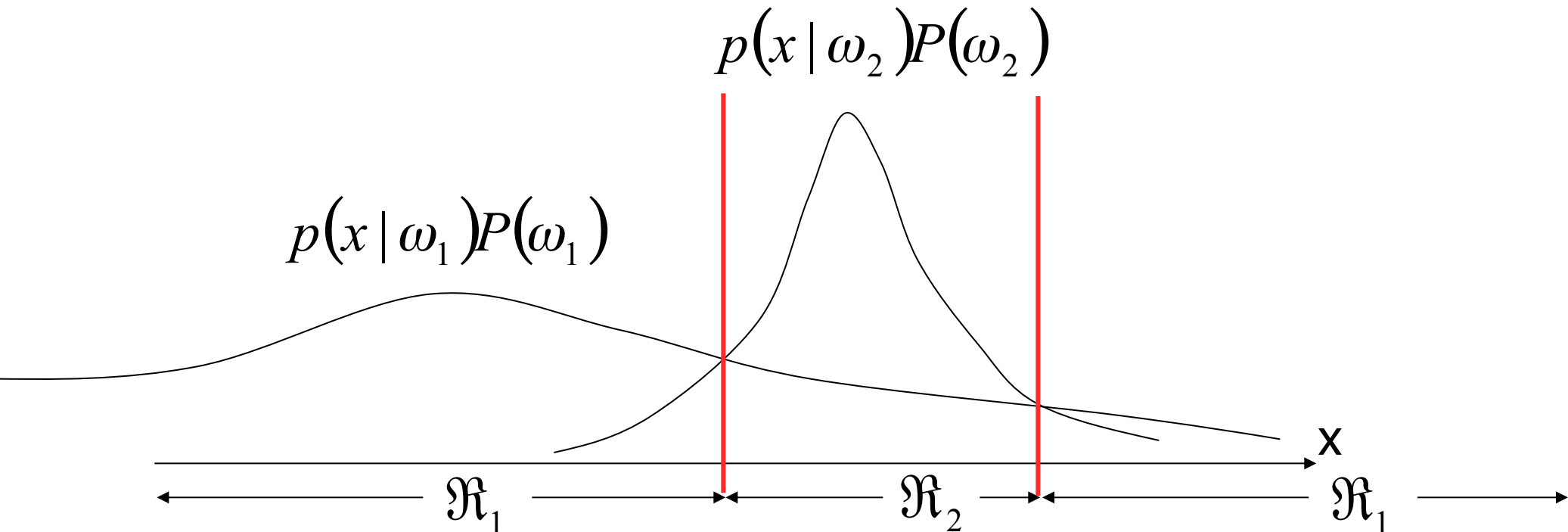


Maximum Posterior Probability (MPP):

For a given x , if $P(\omega_1 | x) > P(\omega_2 | x)$,
then x belongs to class 1, otherwise, 2.

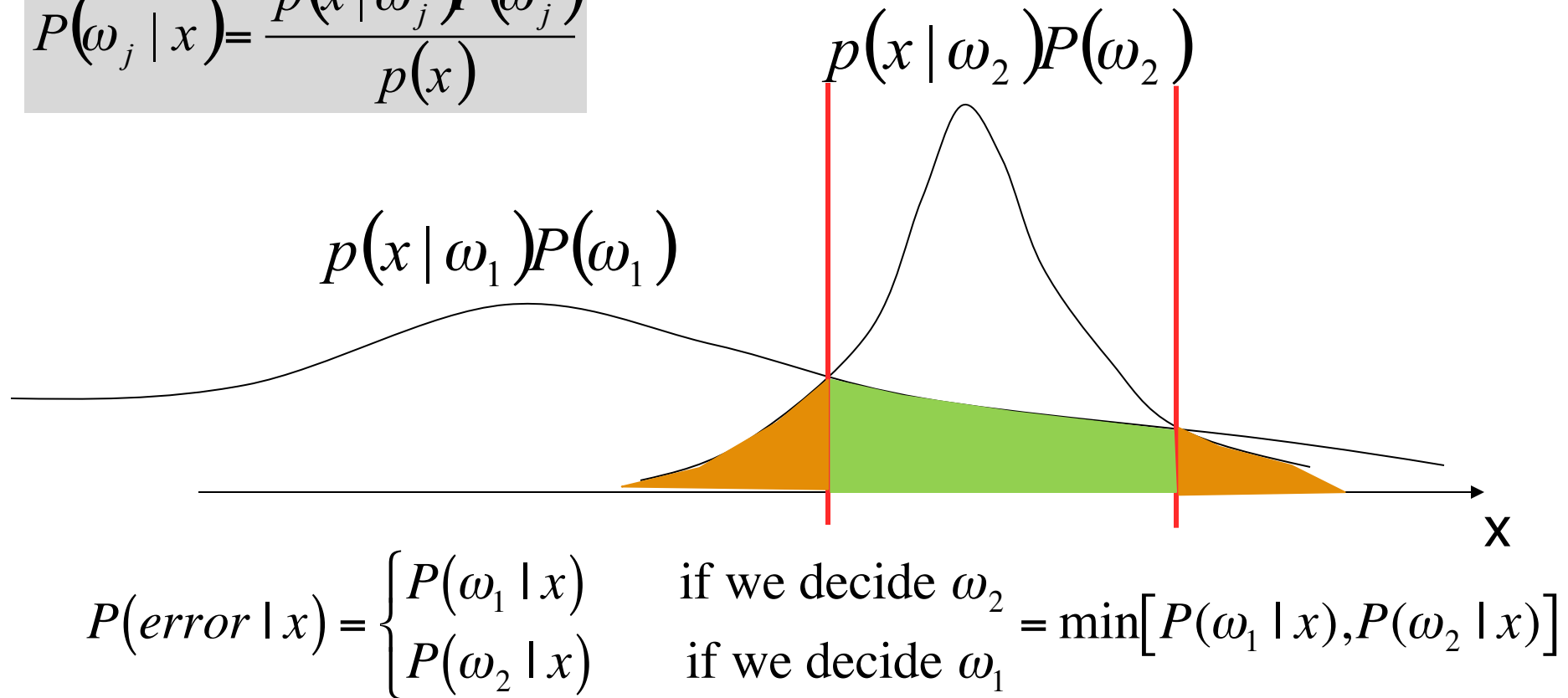
Decision Regions

- ◆ The effect of any decision rule is to partition the **feature space** into c decision regions $\mathcal{R}_1, \mathcal{R}_2, \dots, \mathcal{R}_c$



Conditional Probability of Error

$$P(\omega_j | x) = \frac{p(x | \omega_j)P(\omega_j)}{p(x)}$$



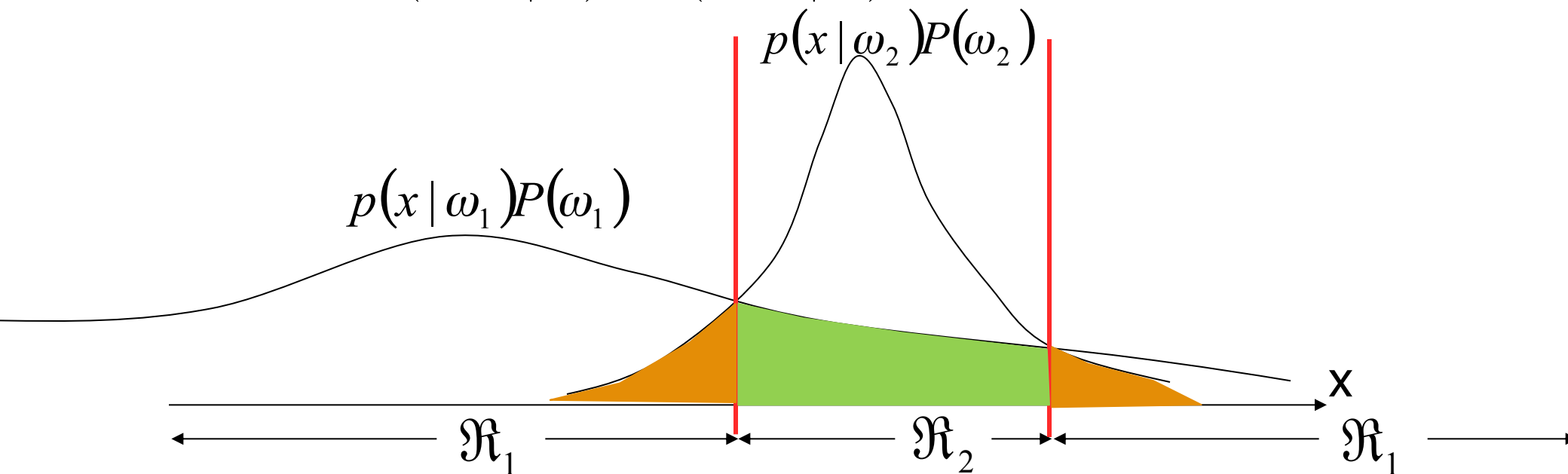
Overall Probability of Error

Or unconditional risk, unconditional probability of error

$$P(\text{error}) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} P(\text{error}, x) dx = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} P(\text{error} | x) p(x) dx$$

$$P(\text{error}) = \int_{\mathfrak{R}_1}^{-\infty} P(\omega_2 | x) p(x) dx + \int_{-\infty}^{\mathfrak{R}_2} P(\omega_1 | x) p(x) dx$$

$$= P(\text{error} | \omega_2) + P(\text{error} | \omega_1)$$



How Does It Work Altogether?

temperature	label
92	N
90	N
100	Y
102	Y
90	Y
101	N
93	N
95	N
103	Y

Questions

- What is supervised learning (vs. unsupervised learning)?
- What is the difference between the training set and the test set?
- What is the difference between classification and regression?
- What are features and samples?
- What is dimension?
- What is histogram?
- What is pdf?
- What is Bayes' Formula?
- What is conditional pdf?
- What is the difference between prior probability and posterior probability?
- What is Bayesian decision rule? or MPP?
- What are decision regions?
- How to calculate conditional probability of error and overall probability of error?
- **What are cost function (or objective function) and optimization method?**

Q&A Session

- What is the cost function?
- What is the optimization approach we use to find the optimal solution to the cost function?

Theme 1: Cost functions and Optimization approaches

Recap

$$P(\omega_j | x) = \frac{p(x | \omega_j)P(\omega_j)}{p(x)}$$



Maximum
Posterior
Probability

For a given x , if $P(\omega_1 | x) > P(\omega_2 | x)$,
then x belongs to class 1, otherwise, 2.

Overall
probability
of error

$$P(\text{error}) = \int_{\mathfrak{R}_1} P(\omega_2 | x)p(x)dx + \int_{\mathfrak{R}_2} P(\omega_1 | x)p(x)dx$$

- ◆ Bayes decision rule → maximum posterior probability (MPP)
- ◆ Decision regions → How to calculate the overall probability of error