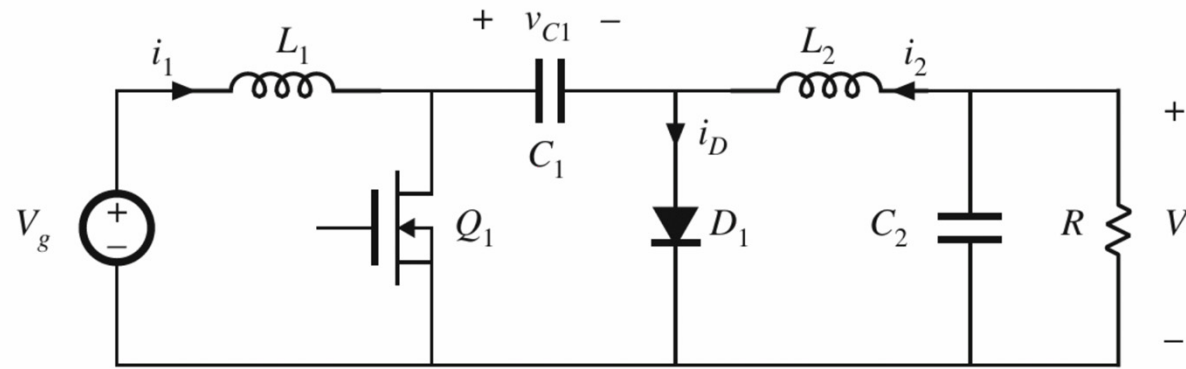
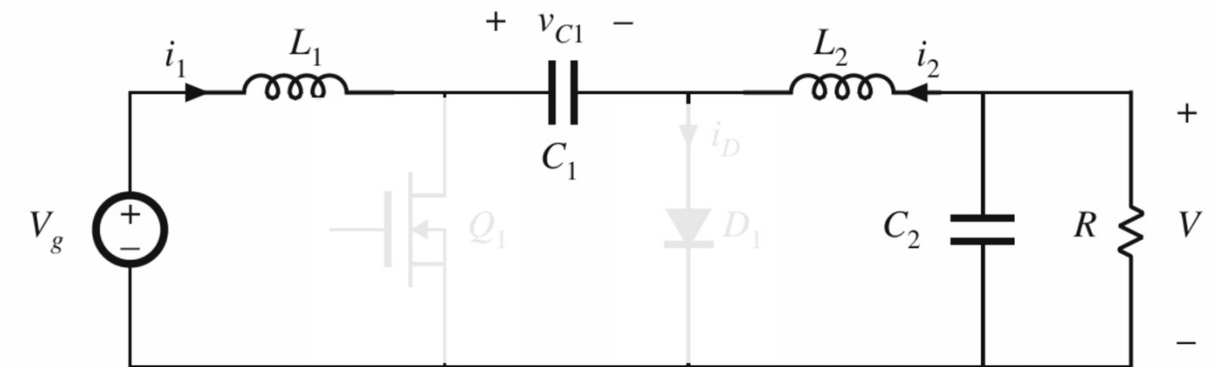
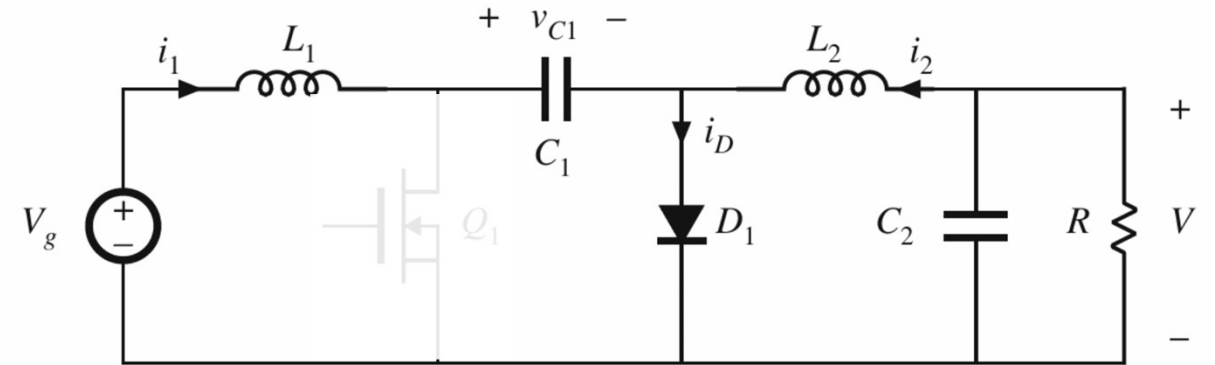
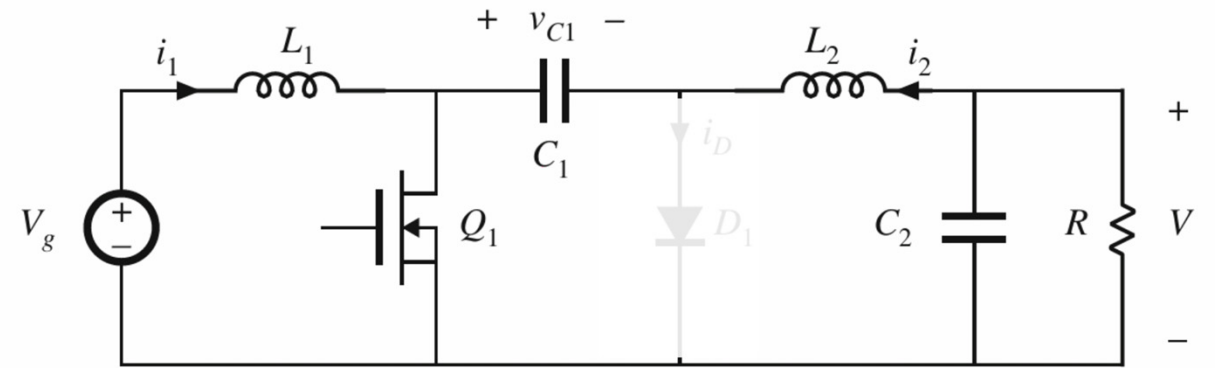


# Cuk Converter in CCM

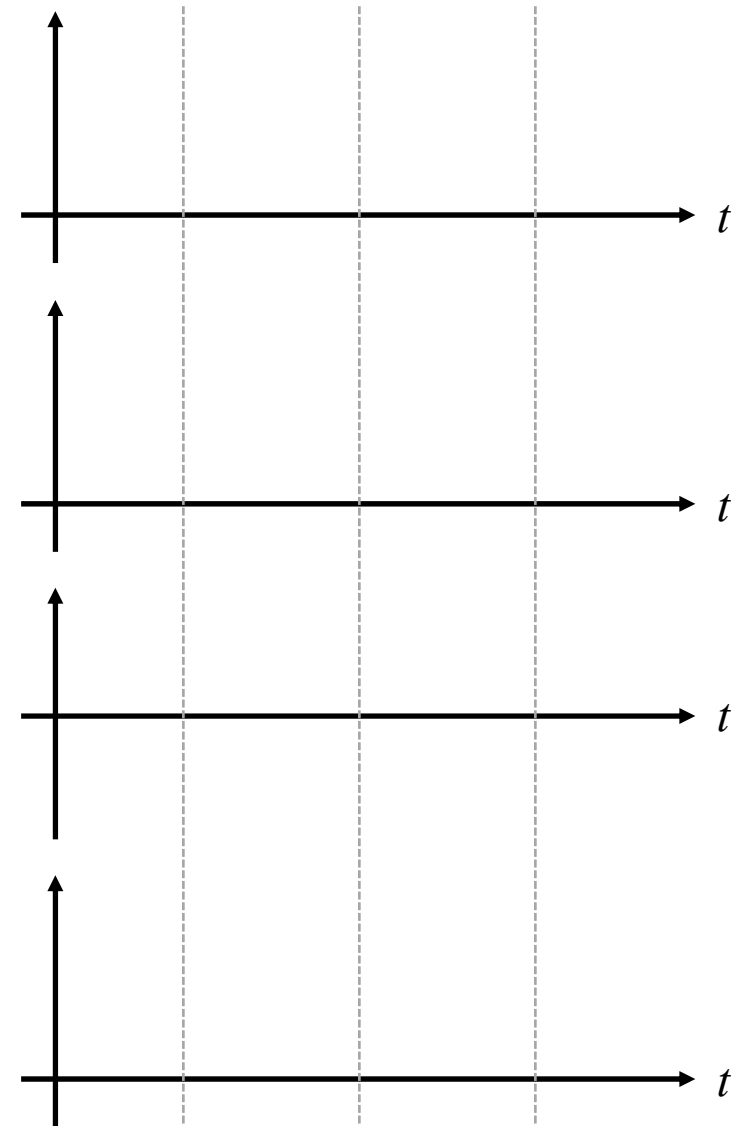
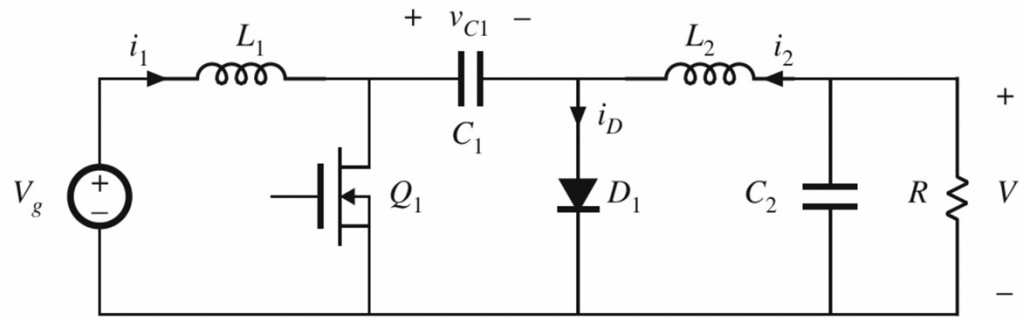


# Cuk Converter DCM Boundary

# Cuk Converter in DCM



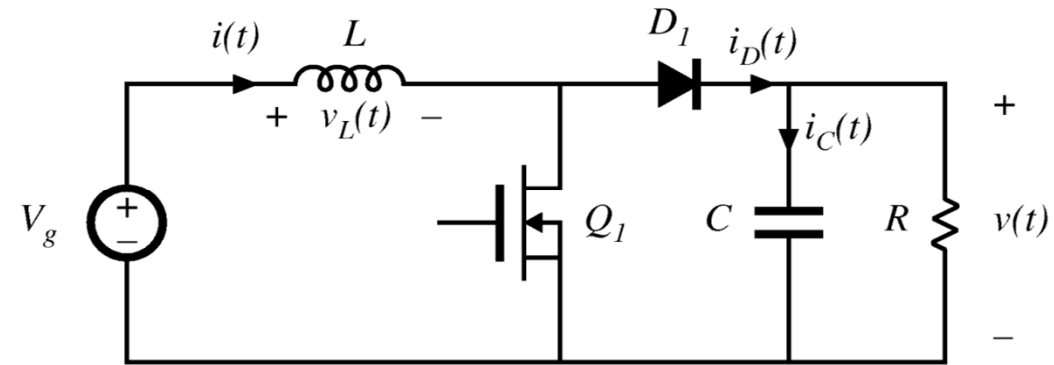
# Cuk Waveforms in DCM



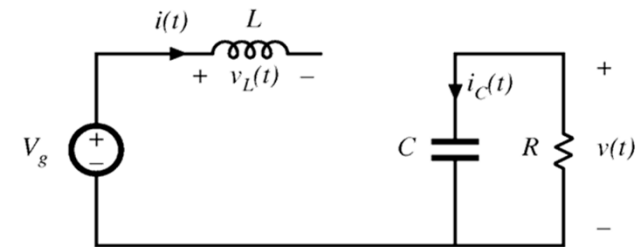
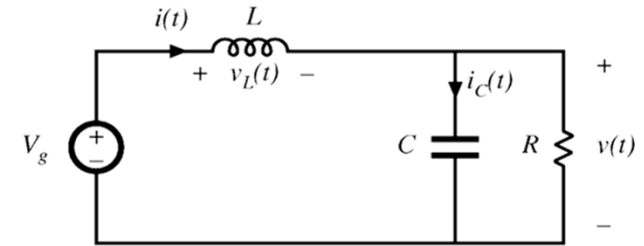
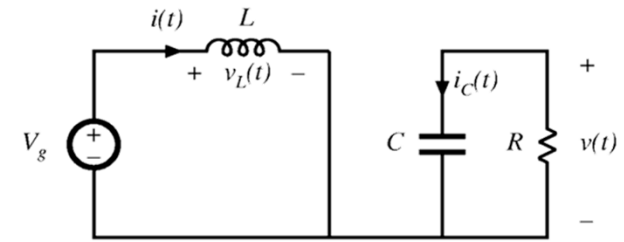
# Cuk Conversion Ratio



# Boost Converter in DCM

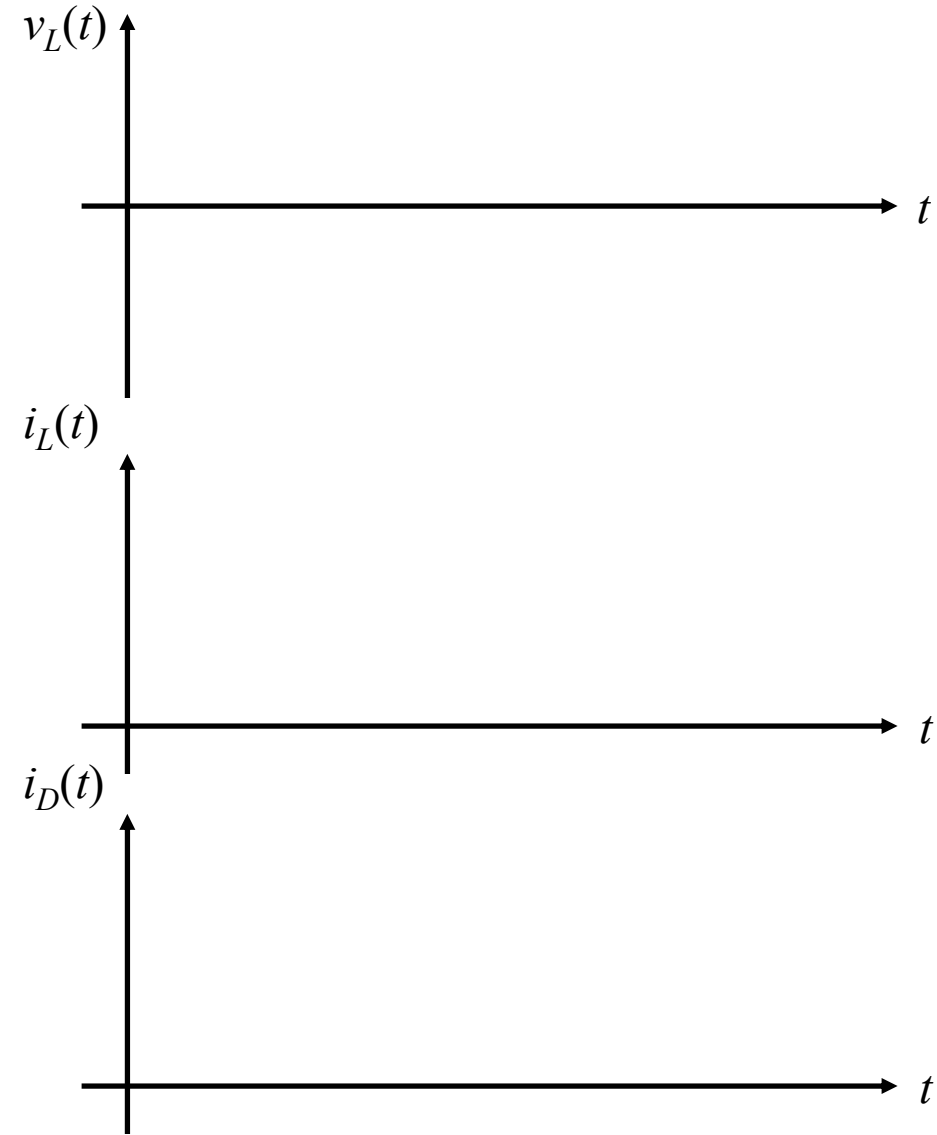
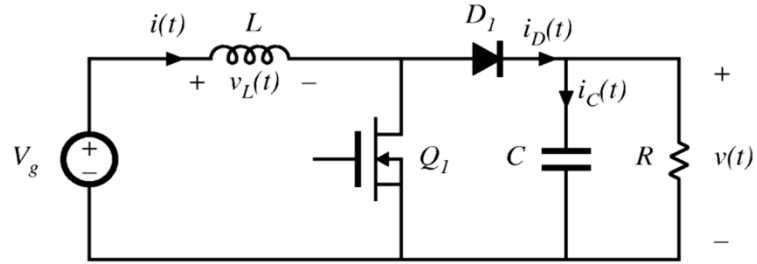


# Boost Conversion Ratio

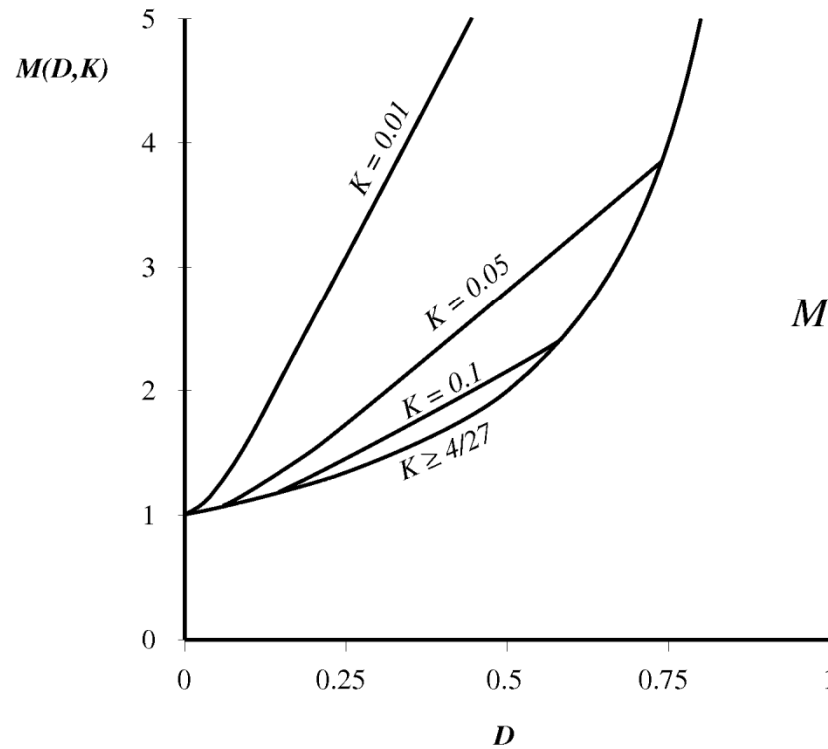




# Boost Waveforms in DCM



# Boost Conversion Ratio



$$M = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{1-D} & \text{for } K > K_{crit} \\ \frac{1 + \sqrt{1 + 4D^2 / K}}{2} & \text{for } K < K_{crit} \end{cases}$$

Approximate  $M$  in DCM:

$$M \approx \frac{1}{2} + \frac{D}{\sqrt{K}}$$

# Summary of DCM Characteristics

Table 5.2. Summary of CCM-DCM characteristics for the buck, boost, and buck-boost converters

Converter	$K_{crit}(D)$	DCM $M(D,K)$	DCM $D_2(D,K)$	CCM $M(D)$
Buck	$(1 - D)$	$\frac{2}{1 + \sqrt{1 + 4K / D^2}}$	$\frac{K}{D} M(D,K)$	$D$
Boost	$D (1 - D)^2$	$\frac{1 + \sqrt{1 + 4D^2 / K}}{2}$	$\frac{K}{D} M(D,K)$	$\frac{1}{1 - D}$
Buck-boost	$(1 - D)^2$	$-\frac{D}{\sqrt{K}}$	$\sqrt{K}$	$-\frac{D}{1 - D}$

with  $K = 2L / RT_s$ . DCM occurs for  $K < K_{crit}$ .