## Solution of ECE 300 Test 1 F08

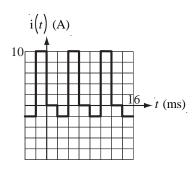
- 1. A current i(t) graphed below flows through a resistor. It is periodic with period 6 ms.
  - (a) What is the numerical average current through the resistor, in amperes?

Average Current = 
$$\frac{0A \times 2ms - 2A \times 2ms + 10A \times 2ms}{6ms} = (8/3)A = 2.667A$$

(b) What is the numerical value of the total charge that has flowed through the resistor between 2ms and

Total charge = 
$$-2A \times 2ms + 10A \times 2ms + 0A \times 2ms - 2A \times 2ms$$

Total charge = 
$$-4mC + 20mC + 0mC - 4mC = 12mC = 0.012C$$



2. Find the numerical value of the power absorbed by each of these circuit elements, in watts.

$$I_2 = 5A$$

$$V_1 = 12V$$

(a)

$$P_{abs} = 12V \times 5A = 60W$$

$$i_3 = 4A$$

$$i_1 = 4i_3$$
+

(b)

$$P_{abs} = -V_2 \times I_1 = -(-20 \text{V}) \times 16 \text{A} = 320 \text{W}$$

(c)  $12\sin(200t) \text{ V}$  t = 3 ms

$$P_{abs} = 4\cos\left(200\frac{\text{radians}}{s} \times 3\text{ms}\right)\text{mA} \times 12\sin\left(200\frac{\text{radians}}{s} \times 3\text{ms}\right)\text{V}$$

$$P_{abs} = 22.37 \text{mW} = 0.02237 \text{W}$$

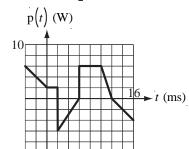
3. Below is a graph of power p(t) absorbed by a circuit element as a function of time.

(a) What is the numerical energy in joules absorbed by the circuit element between times t = 4 ms and t = 8 ms?

$$E_{abs} = \frac{-3W \times 2ms}{2} + 6W \times 2ms = -3mJ + 12mJ = 9mJ = 0.009J$$

(b) What is the numerical energy in joules supplied by the circuit element between times t = 0 ms and t = 6 ms?

$$E_{supp} = -\left[2W \times 2ms + \frac{-6W \times 4ms}{2}\right] = -\left[4mJ - 12mJ\right] = 8mJ = 0.008J$$



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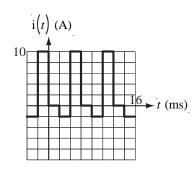
- 1. A current i(t) graphed below flows through a resistor. It is periodic with period 6 ms.
  - (a) What is the numerical average current through the resistor, in amperes?

Average Current = 
$$\frac{0A \times 2ms - 2A \times 2ms + 10A \times 2ms}{6ms} = (8 / 3)A = 2.667A$$

(b) What is the numerical value of the total charge that has flowed through the resistor between 4ms and 12 ms, in coulombs?

Total charge = 
$$10A \times 2ms + 0A \times 2ms - 2A \times 2ms + 10A \times 2ms$$

Total charge = 
$$20mC + 0mC - 4mC + 20mC = 36mC = 0.036C$$



2. Find the numerical value of the power absorbed by each of these circuit elements, in watts.

$$I_2 = 5A$$

$$V_1 = 12V$$

(a)

$$P_{abs} = 12V \times 5A = 60W$$

$$i_3 = 4A$$

$$i_1 = 4i_3$$

$$+$$

$$V = 20V$$

(b)

$$P_{abs} = -V_2 \times I_1 = -(-20 \text{V}) \times 16 \text{A} = 320 \text{W}$$

(c)  $12\sin(200t) \text{ V}$  t = 7 ms

$$P_{abs} = 4\cos\left(200 \frac{\text{radians}}{s} \times 7 \text{ms}\right) \text{mA} \times 12 \sin\left(200 \frac{\text{radians}}{s} \times 7 \text{ms}\right) \text{V}$$

$$P_{abs} = 8.04 \text{mW} = 0.00804 \text{W}$$

- 3. Below is a graph of power p(t) absorbed by a circuit element as a function of time.
  - (a) What is the numerical energy in joules absorbed by the circuit element between times t = 6 ms and t = 12 ms?

$$E_{abs} = 6W \times 4ms + \frac{6W \times 2ms}{2} = 24mJ + 6mJ = 30mJ = 0.03J$$

(b) What is the numerical energy in joules supplied by the circuit element between times t = 10 ms and t = 16 ms?

$$E_{supp} = -\left[\frac{6W \times 2ms}{2} - \frac{4W \times 4ms}{2}\right] = -\left[6mJ - 8mJ\right] = 2mJ = 0.002J$$

